

What is and what is not a problem with the Homo Sapiens Technologicus

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- I state here very directly and frankly what I think
 - after reading, teaching, meeting people, participating in tech-business... for 10 years or so
 - starting from a classical training in philosophy
 - and still engaged in fundamental more than applied philosophy
 - on the basis of my book *Homo sapiens technologicus* (Paris, Le Pommier, 2008)
 - complete title reads : *Philosophy of contemporary technology, philosophy of contemporary wisdom*
- ... and I leave it open to discussion.

what sort of predicament are we in?

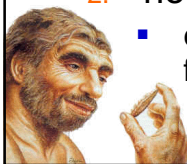
- is Homo Sapiens having a problem because he has to *become* Technologicus?
- because of the *artificial* environments we have to live in?
 1. take a natural entity
 2. put it in an artificial environment
 3. something looks strange...
- but Homo Sapiens is *not* that kind of “natural entity”



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a category mistake : natural / artificial

- Homo has always been Technologicus, a technical species
 - we cannot live but in an environment which is *natural and artificial*,
 - a world in which we use houses, knives, fires, clothes...
 - and a very sophisticated technique: language
 - 1. not an “artificial” environment,
 - even if artifacts are so important in it
 - 2. not exactly a “natural” environment
 - even if everything in it comes more or less directly from nature



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- a category mistake with consequences :

- we are lost in problems such as

- Genetically Modified Anything (Organism, Plant, Food, Human...)
 - In Vitro Anything (Fertilisation, Embryo transfer and optimisation...)
 - conservationist or preservationist ecology?
 - “natural” medicine for “artificial” diseases
 - pollution-induced, stress-induced, artificial food-induced... diseases
 - ... or artificial medicine for natural diseases
 - pharmaceuticals, high-tech surgery, GMO-produced insulin...



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- what is the natural environment for us?
 - a log cabin in the woods?
 - how can we live (naturally?) in artificial environments?
 - my home: 124th floor, apartment #B407

- we cannot merely use “natural” as a value and “artificial” as a pejorative

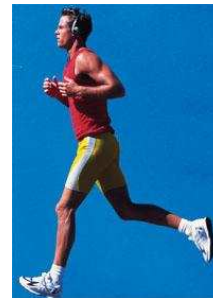
- except if... we like unsolvable problems
 - which is actually the case (see below)



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the correct category: human

- a *human* environment...
- *human* is a root-category, just like *nature* and *artifact*
 - if not, we have no chance understanding anything contemporary
 - human is a category
 - proceeding from nature and artifact
 - it was not a root-category from the start
 - we *evolved* to that status
 - mediating them
 - coevolving with them
 - a 3-terms coevolution : human / nature / artifacts



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- a *human* environment is neither

- purely natural
- purely artificial
- just a mix or sum of these two

- two quite different classifications :

1. *human* / *non-human* within artifacts

- ⇒ risks misapprehending the ontological unity of artifacts
- + risks initiating a *sorting* process
 - so-called “(re-)humanisation”
 - ex: in medicine, human factor and technical factor misapprehended as 2 separate factors



2. *nature* / *artifacts* / *human* within the human sphere of consciousness and action

- ⇒ an opportunity to apprehend the contemporary ontological pluralism
- ex: the “medical environment” is a hybrid experience of artifacts / human / nature



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becoming wise, while being so technological

- what is at stake then?
- Homo Technologicus is having a problem because he has to become, at least, *Sapiens*
 - because of the power of his present technologies
 - we are an arrogant species and we were wrong to call ourselves “sapiens” so early
 - “sapiens” means *wise*
 - as a survival condition for this special species
 - to understand “sapiens” to mean “knowing (scientifically)” is a category mistake and a factual nonsense
 - we were humans long before Newton
 - most of us humans are not exactly scientists...

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- usual category mistakes:
 - science / technology
 - a mistake about what things really are in our inhabiting the world
 - discourse / action
 - such a confusion is an ethical disaster
 - the very specific tie between language and action may be the very specific feature of humans
 - so 1) understand *the difference* “in essence” →
2) understand *the merging and melting* “in existence”
 - knowledge / wisdom
 - a mistake about what humans really long for
 - a representational discourse mirroring the world in words (and math)?
 - here philosophy of technology has much to learn from the new (non-positivistic) trends in philosophy of science

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basic reconceptions: being, environment and action

- we have to re-think what we are and what we want
 - hypothesis: what if this duty were precisely the opportunity to be human?
- being human =
 - building and inhabiting a human environment
 - = a culture, a civilisation, a world
 - do we need a human environment to be human? Yes
 - does it require humans to build a human environment? Yes
 - is this a vicious circle? No, it is the cultural circle of cultural life

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- *Bauen, wohnen, denken* (Heidegger)
 - we think according to the way we dwell, we dwell according to the way we build
 - = what *culture* means, from “material civilization” up to high speculations
 - ⇒ contemporary technology is not an opponent to (a dead) culture but a central part of (a living) culture
- a new ontology
 - not exactly for “new objects”
 - but for new modes of inhabiting the world = new existential dimensions
 - hypothesis: contemporary technology means not only new *experiences* but radically new *existential dimensions*

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- ⇒ a new existential analysis
 - Don Ihde, Albert Borgmann, some of you in this room...
 - TV, fridge, telephone, laptop computer, pace-maker, skyscrapers...
 - intimate relationships we don't have to be ashamed of...



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- a new philosophy of action
 - what does *action* mean in our environment?
 - it is so convenient to keep on saying “no action is possible...”, “there is nothing we can do...”
 - when, honestly: we do not *want* to do anything
 - but we do not want either to assume that decision (doing nothing) and responsibility...
- reconception: *environment* seen not as a constraint but as potentials, opportunities...
 - = a change of mind → how can we make it happen?
 - by being a *self*, a person in *capacity* (Paul Ricoeur)
 - something has to change *in ourselves* to really use the potentials of modernity
 - instead of being crushed by the pressure of modernity
 - the problem with “reflexive modernization” is not with modernity but with the reflexive
 - the problem with the *reflexive* is: the *self*

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regaining roots

- roots inside, not outside
 - outside roots could be: leaders, communities, (dogmatic) values, texts (revelation or law)...
 - inside roots are: self-reliant self, *sapientia*
- philosophical heritage, western and eastern
 - may help to go beyond our (suicidal?) arrogance
 - *go global* in philosophy too :
 - integrate tradition, from the Stoics to Heidegger and beyond
 - integrate the East (Buddhism in particular)
 - maybe restart from existing cultural bridges: Gandhi, Emerson and Thoreau...

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consequences: controversial issues

- politics? No, thank you
 - I suggest: traditional politics is now always *part of the problem*, not of a possible solution
 - this category mistake is tragic: we lose time and energy only fueling the predicament we are in
- ideology or religion? No, thank you
 - I can't prove it, but let's just see it, as a very sad case of Emperor's New Clothes:
 - ideology and religions... just do not work
 - or even worse → category mistake: a source of evil as a source of good...

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- institutions? No, thank you

- they were the structures of the industrial civilisation
- now they are *the glue*
 - that prevents us from turning the industrial page (turning the corner) and starting something different, *sustainable*
 - they pretend to be in charge
 - so that we *delegate* to them instead of being in charge ourselves (with our *self*)
 - so that they neutralise the issues instead of acting on them
- application fields:
 - sustainability, medias content, bioethics, schooling...



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- coevolutions? Yes, please

- *global* means something at least:
 - every change in one of the 3 (human / artifacts / nature) has an impact (multiple and interactive impacts) on the others
- → a transaction model for change decisions
 - every change (aka “progress”) is a negotiation case
 - with *real* (1) and *symbolic* (2) *gains* (3) and *losses* (3)
 - = 4 items to check, validate, negotiate...
 - and after that a decision is made to process or not process the transaction



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- micro-actions? Yes, please

- micro-action =
 - a real *action*
 - not a speech
 - *micro-* = small-scale : the *consistent self* scale
 - not some heroic feat... (no heroes; anonymous everyday wisdom)
 - such as : leave litter or not, buying this or buying that, watching or not watching this on TV, walking or using a car, or a bus, or a bicycle...
 - resulting in: care for the *commons* (material and cultural commons), care for one's *self*
- why do we like unsolvable problems?
 - you don't think we do? Read some bioethics...
 - because we do not want to act
 - = the dirty little secret of technoethics and bioethics
 - how to make a problem unsolvable?
 - think global (instead of micro-action), trust an institution, ask for a new law, a new political party, a moral improvement of your fellow-humans...

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- self-reliance? Yes, please

- human being = being consistent
- define your own *satiety*
 - it does not matter how "high" or "low" it is, the point is to have a satiety conception of one's own
 - = not to be insatiable
- enjoy *non-submissiveness*
 - just say "no (thank you)"
 - Gandhi: we don't use enough that powerful word, existing in any language – no!
 - we are obsessed by the *power*-side of politics (→ unsolvable problems), we should focus on the *submissiveness*-side
 - if no one accepts *symbolic submissiveness*, we do push the boundaries...
- the Self is the problem
 - technology is not
 - "artificial" is not

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- the *consistent Self* is the connection between technology and *wisdom*
 - the way to the Homo sapiens technologicus
- *care, self-care*, is the attitude for a human being confronted with any sort of environment
 - in particular: affluence, welfare institutions, comfort devices, easy-going things, alcohol-tobacco-drugs...
 - in particular: power, power over matter, nature, other people
 - wisdom and self-care build (inside-)roots for a more substantive *power: over oneself*

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- Homo Sapiens Technologicus is in charge of himself/herself – or must be
 - He/she has no right to transfer responsibility to any kind of “environment”
 - in particular: technophobic transfers...
 - he is wrong any time he “delegates” to discharge himself
 - contemporary technology makes it possible not to delegate
 - contemporary technology *gives access* to this form of self-reliance: *wisdom in a technological world*
 - it is not what we are looking for, I’m afraid...
 - but we should.

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- Download this presentation:

- <http://michel.puech.free.fr>

- Comment and discuss online:

- Michel.Puech@paris-sorbonne.fr

- Browse the book (in French, so far) *Homo sapiens technologicus*:

- <http://technosapiens.free.fr>

